





ABOUT GILDAN

Gildan is a leading apparel manufacturing company with a strong portfolio of brands including Gildan®, American Apparel®, Comfort Colors®, GOLDTOE®, Peds®. We also partner with Authentic Brands Group, the owner of the Champion® brand, through a licensing agreement for the printwear channel in the U.S. and Canada.

Gildan markets its products in North America, Europe, Asia Pacific, and Latin America. Our product offerings include activewear, underwear, and socks, sold to a broad range of customers, including wholesale distributors, screenprinters, embellishers, retailers, and global lifestyle brand companies.

We have approximately 50,000 employees worldwide and are strongly committed to industry-leading labour and environmental practices throughout our operations and supply chains, in accordance with a comprehensive ESG strategy embedded into our longterm business plan.

For more on Gildan and our ESG practices, visit our website at gildancorp.com.

In this document we, us, our, Company, and Gildan mean Gildan ActiveWear Inc. and its operating subsidiaries.

Gildan Activewear Inc. is a Canadian corporation incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act. Its common shares are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange and the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol GIL.

Gildan is one of the world's largest manufacturers of apparel and is headquartered in Montrel, Quebec, Canada.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Gildan is fully committed to upholding and respecting human rights, to maintaining high ethical standards in all our operations, and to incorporating these values into our supply chain practices. Gildan does not tolerate modern slavery in any form within our own operations and supply chains. We embed human rights in our policies, governance, and management systems, and we expect our business partners to do the same.

This joint report on Modern Slavery is issued by Gildan Activewear Inc., on behalf of its wholly-owned subsidiaries Gildan Apparel (Canada) LP, 892486 Canada Inc. and Gildan Activewear (UK) Limited (collectively, the "Reporting Entities"), under the California Transparency in Supply Chains Act, the UK Modern Slavery Act 2015, the Australia Modern Slavery Act 2018, and Canada's Fighting Against Forced Labour and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act, as applicable, for the period of January 1, 2024 to December 29, 2024 (the "Report"). Unless otherwise indicated herein, the practices and policies described in this Report are applicable to all Reporting Entities.

This Report has been prepared in collaboration with relevant corporate functions and representatives from each relevant group as it applies to each of them and has been approved by the Board of Directors of Gildan Activewear Inc., on its own behalf and on behalf of the Reporting Entities.

For the purposes of this report, "modern slavery" is intended to be interpreted comprehensively and to cover forced and compulsory labour, child labour, exploitation of others for personal or commercial gain, human trafficking, and similar abuse. These are violations of human rights as defined in both international and national legislation.

GILDAN'S GLOBAL BUSINESS AND **SUPPLY CHAINS**

Gildan owns and operates large-scale, vertically integrated manufacturing facilities primarily located in Central America, the Caribbean, North America, and Bangladesh. The facilities are strategically located to efficiently service our diverse global customer base. Gildan's vertically integrated manufacturing model allows us to have direct control over the majority of our supply chains from sourcing of raw materials to distribution of a finished good. In fact, only a small fraction of Gildan's supply chains consist of packaged goods manufactured outside of this vertical model. This gives us direct visibility and control over processes and risks in our supply chains. For more information on where Gildan facilities and selected contractors are located, please refer to: Our Factories.

OUR GOVERNANCE FRAMEWORK

Our Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for our ESG strategy and is supported by its standing committees. In 2024, following a proxy contest which resulted in the appointment of a new Board of Directors composed entirely of new directors, our Board of Directors spent several days in Honduras, touring most of the manufacturing facilities and seeing all textile and sewing processes. This visit allowed the new Board members to assess our operations firsthand, and engage in direct dialogue with our local teams, consistent with our commitment to operational excellence and ethical practices.

The Corporate Governance and Social Responsibility Committee of the Board of Directors oversees our ESG policies and practices, including those relating to labour and human rights, namely through a quarterly ESG report highlighting key developments, issues, and risks. The ESG Steering Committee, co-chaired by our President and CEO and our Executive Vice-President, Chief Financial and Administrative Officer, and comprised of executive and senior management, provides leadership and guidance in the development and implementation of our ESG strategy and goals, and meets on a quarterly basis. Five working groups are chaired by senior leaders and made up of cross-functional representatives who support ESG strategy development and implementation. The Centre of Excellence for ESG serves as a facilitator and integrator of sustainability across Gildan and is led by our Senior Vice-President, Global Supply Chain, Sales, Marketing and Distribution, and our Vice-President, Global Social Compliance and Environmental Affairs, who oversee matters relating to ESG governance across the Company.

During 2024, Gildan was embarking on its third year of implementing its Next Generation ESG strategy, which encompasses a broad range of initiatives. These include initiatives aimed at ensuring respect for human rights and maintaining safety standards throughout the supply chains. The strategy also embraces a commitment to people, with a focus on investing in our workforce, in addition to enhancing ESG transparency. This strategy includes ten targets focused on five different pillars, including Human Capital Management, and Transparency and Disclosure.

OUR SOCIAL COMPLIANCE FRAMEWORK

We are committed to protecting the rights of all people who manufacture Gildan's products worldwide, as well as enforcing the fair and ethical treatment of these individuals.

Gildan has a longstanding commitment to eradicate modern slavery from its supply chains and operations. Gildan has been a member of the Fair Labor Association (FLA) since 2003 and was the first vertically integrated apparel manufacturer to have its social compliance program accredited by the FLA in 2007. To maintain our accreditation, Gildan is subject to periodic audits by the FLA to ensure that we have implemented systems and procedures that uphold FLA standards. In 2019, Gildan's Social Compliance program was reaccredited after Gildan demonstrated it employed fair labour practices and policies in its global supply chains and operations.

In 2018, Gildan pledged to join the Industry Commitment to Responsible Recruitment (ICRR) which was developed in conjunction with the American Apparel & Footwear Association (AAFA) and the FLA. The ICRR is a proactive industry effort to address potential modern slavery risks for migrant workers in global supply chains. The recently updated joint Commitment by the AAFA and the FLA requires signatories of the IRCC to ensure that workers (i) do not have to pay for their job, (ii) receive a timely refund of fees and costs paid to obtain or maintain their job, (iii) retain control of their travel documents and have full freedom of movement, and (iv) are informed, in a language they understand, of the basic terms of their employment prior to being relocated to their new place of employment. Gildan is a signatory to the relaunched ICRR, and we continue to reaffirm our commitment to the fair treatment of workers in our supply chains.

Policies and processes

Gildan has developed a series of policies and codes that form its framework for addressing modern slavery. These include:

- Code of Ethics: The Code of Ethics applies to all Gildan employees in all of Gildan's worldwide subsidiaries and sets out Gildan's standards of integrity and expectations for ethical behaviour. The Code of Ethics serves as an affirmation of Gildan's commitment to fair labour practices in the workplace and provides a framework to guide Gildan's operations and business practices throughout the world. It also serves as a guide to help employees make decisions that are consistent with Gildan's core values and principles.
- Code of Conduct: Gildan's Code of Conduct is based on the eight core conventions established by the International Labour Organization (ILO), as well as the codes set forth by the FLA, the Worldwide Responsible Accredited Production (WRAP), and the Supplier Ethical Data Exchange (SEDEX), all of which include strict provisions regarding forced labour, child labour, human trafficking, and other forms of modern slavery. The Code of Conduct addresses twelve core principles, including forced labour and child labour, hours of work and overtime, and freedom of association and collective

bargaining. All Gildan employees and business partners are required to adhere to principles set forth in the Code of Conduct. The Code of Conduct guides activities for all our operations globally and clearly states our position on a number of labour practice issues.

- Social and Sustainable Compliance Guidebook: The labour standards set out in Gildan's Code of Conduct are complemented by specific procedures and practical requirements explained in our Social and Sustainable Compliance Guidebook.
- <u>Human Rights Policy</u>: This policy is our public commitment to upholding and respecting human rights as established in the United Nation's (UN) International Bill of Human Rights (consisting of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights), as well as the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. The policy also identifies Gildan's general industry risks and its salient human rights risks.
- Responsible Production and Sourcing Policy: This policy establishes guidelines for responsible production planning practices to ensure that the sourcing, purchase of materials, and manufacturing of products across all brands are aligned with our Code of Conduct. Sourcing teams are encouraged to promote long-term relations with contractors that demonstrate high adherence to Gildan's Code of Conduct.
- Whistleblowing Policy: All employees and external stakeholders, including employees of finished product contractors, are encouraged to report any real or suspected misconduct, including any human rights violations. Gildan maintains a 24/7 Ethics and Compliance Hotline in all jurisdictions where it operates. Information regarding the Ethics and Compliance Hotline is made readily available to all employees and external stakeholders in their local language, and matters are completely confidential. All submissions are fully investigated, and appropriate remedial actions are taken when necessary.

Gildan-operated and finished product contractor facilities are required to have written policies and procedures that uphold and respect Gildan's Code of Conduct, human rights standards and policies, and local labour laws.

DUE DILIGENCE PROCESS ON **HUMAN RIGHTS**

Gildan monitors human rights-related risks as recommended by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development's (OECD) Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains in the Garment and Footwear Sector. Due diligence is an evolving process, and risks may change over time as our operational context evolves.

Human rights due diligence's primary purpose is to prevent and act on potential and actual adverse human rights impacts in

Gildan-operated facilities and those of our finished product contractors' facilities. Our due diligence process combines a compliance and risk-based approach involving five key steps:

- 1. Identify industry risks, as well as human rights risks specific to Gildan
- 2. Assess and evaluate each human rights risk
- 3. Mitigate and remediate human rights risks and impacts in our facilities and our supply chains by working collaboratively with stakeholders to implement programs and initiatives
- 4. Monitor and communicate by verifying and validating progress and efficiency through our Social Compliance program
- 5. Embrace continuous improvement by learning from our past and current experiences to assess and make changes to our human rights practices

Monitoring Gildan-operated and finished product contractor facilities

We take measures to identify, prevent, and mitigate the risk of human rights violations in both our own vertically integrated operations, and in the operations of our finished product contractors. When initiating a commercial relationship with a finished product contractor or at renewal, the contractor is required to sign a written agreement or certification incorporating Gildan's policies and standards. Finished product contractors are also subject to a verification process that includes social compliance auditing, remediation, and tracking to ensure compliance with applicable laws as well as with Gildan's Code of Conduct and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. For workplace policies and standards, Gildan requires a profile and self-assessment from new facilities, and then conducts an audit of the facility. Audit results are categorized from green to black based on the number and severity of the findings against our Code of Conduct and the benchmarks outlined in our Social and Sustainable Compliance Guidebook. Green and yellow ratings may be cleared for continued business, orange and red require improvement within a set timeframe, and a black rating will result in termination of the contract once open orders are completed. If a finished product contractor or Gildanoperated facility receives an orange or red rating following an audit, our internal Social Compliance team will work with the facility's management to remediate any issues found and establish an action plan. For more information on our audit methodology, please refer to our Social and Sustainable Compliance Guidebook.

Monitoring our supply chains

Through our Global Social Compliance program, we take steps to ensure we source products from suppliers with responsible practices. We identify and assess potential risks in our supply chains by conducting a due diligence review of potential business partners when entering into sourcing or major supply agreements. This due diligence review includes a thorough background check, a review of business, political,

reputational/social and geographic risks, and (when appropriate) additional questionnaires are administered and on-site verifications are conducted. In certain instances, Gildan will mandate a third-party audit service provider to conduct these verifications on our behalf.

Ongoing internal and external audits

Following the initial due diligence reviews described above, as part of our ongoing monitoring process, audits are performed by internal auditors or third-party auditors on our behalf, at each Gildan-operated and finished product contractor manufacturing facility.

Gildan-operated and finished product contractor facilities are also independently audited by the FLA, SEDEX, and WRAP, as well as by certain larger customers of Gildan to ensure compliance with their respective standards. Several of Gildan's finished product contractors participate in the ILO Better Work Programme and the Social & Labor Convergence Program (SLCP). In addition, all Gildan-operated and finished product contractor facilities are subject to an internal audit program that is based on a risk assessment process which evaluates country risk, production volume, external ratings, and prior audit performance amongst other risk factors at least once every two years.

When onboarding and auditing business partners, Gildan validates the social compliance modern slavery benchmarks described in our Social and Sustainable Compliance Guidebook, including with respect to minimum age of workers, identification systems, work permits, and overtime.

RISK MITIGATION

Gildan periodically conducts materiality assessments to identify and address actual and potential human rights risks that are inherent in our operations and impacting our industry generally. These assessments include the involvement of and/or consultation with relevant stakeholders throughout our supply chains. As part of this process, Gildan strives to maintain an open dialogue with non-governmental organizations (NGOs), members of labour movements, and other interested parties. Some of our external stakeholders include: the FLA, ILO Better Work, SEDEX, and WRAP. Please refer to Gildan's Stakeholder Engagement Policy for more information on Gildan's approach to engaging with stakeholders. Stakeholder Engagement Table (2023 ESG Report p. 50).

Identifying material risks

According to the ILO, 50 million people are subjected to modern slavery, with women and children representing the most vulnerable. Find out more here. Information on our Risk Response can be found in our 2023 ESG Report.

Child labour is a general human rights risk in the manufacturing industry and in cotton farming. Children are vulnerable to abuse and exploitation and require social protection. Tracking cotton farms to identify potential child

labour indicators on cotton farms remains a challenging risk to monitor.

Forced labour and human trafficking have evolved over time to cover a number of situations. Today, debt bondage is one of the most common forms of forced labour. A worker may be bonded to employment as a condition of repaying terms of a debt to a third-party or to an employer. The use of prisoners as forced labour by subcontractors or suppliers in the manufacturing or finishing of our products, including the sourcing of materials, is another risk we monitor. Compulsory overtime is another form of forced labour risk that Gildan and its supply chains partners face. Compulsory overtime occurs when workers find themselves without the power to decline or refuse overtime without fear of repercussion or reprisal. Our Code of Conduct clearly states that overtime must be voluntary, and we investigate all allegations to the contrary.

While Gildan's vertically integrated business model allows us to better monitor these risks in our supply chains, we take additional steps to monitor these risks.

ADDITIONAL STEPS TAKEN TO PREVENT FORCED LABOUR AND CHILD LABOUR

Training

Employees receive training on our Code of Ethics and Code of Conduct as part of the onboarding process provided on Gildan's online training portal or through in-person training sessions. New employees are asked to read, acknowledge, and certify that they will comply with our Code of Conduct and Code of Ethics when they join Gildan.

Gildan's Code of Conduct includes our forced labour and child labour principles and aligns with internationally recognized standards. Employees also participate in our annual Code of Conduct training program.

Certain employees in supervisory positions or in non-supervisory positions with job functions that require an especially high standard of compliance must complete an annual compliance certification process in connection with the Code of Ethics. In 2024, the annual compliance certification process also contained a section dedicated to modern slavery.

Supply chain traceability

Modern slavery remains a human rights concern in the global cotton production industry. Recognizing the importance of addressing these risks, Gildan has implemented robust due diligence measures, particularly when sourcing cotton from outside the United States. These measures are designed to enhance supply chain transparency and focus on compliance with ethical sourcing practices.

To mitigate risks associated with modern slavery and other human rights violations, Gildan engages in additional risk-based supply chain tracing for all cotton sourced internationally. We have partnered with an independent third-party organization to map and evaluate the supply chains of our yarn vendors. This vetting process is critical to ensuring that cotton is not procured from prohibited or high-risk sources.

Following a comprehensive assessment of yarn spinners, including their adherence to Gildan's Code of Ethics and Code of Conduct, we established a list of approved vendors. These nominated vendors are the only sources from which Gildan's finished goods suppliers can procure cotton and cotton-blended yarns. To maintain this high standard, Gildan conducts ongoing evaluations of new vendors, integrates them as necessary, and performs annual reviews of vendor compliance.

In addition to vendor vetting, Gildan has adopted advanced testing protocols to further verify supply chain integrity. We have implemented random isotopic sample testing on products both sourced and produced in-house to indicate the geographic origin of cotton. This testing aims to ensure that no cotton or yarn originates from regions identified as high-risk for modern slavery or other human rights violations, which might also be subject to import bans in countries where we sell our products. Moreover, we closely monitor global trends in supply chain traceability and seek to continuously refine our practices on that matter.

Importantly, Gildan does not source any yarn or cottoncontaining finished goods from countries where satisfactory due diligence of raw material origins is not practically feasible. This commitment underscores our dedication to ethical sourcing, safeguarding human rights, and maintaining the integrity of our supply chain.

Finished product contractors and vendors agreements and certifications

As mentioned above, we require written agreement from our finished product contractors and vendors that they will adhere to Gildan's Code of Conduct, as well as to all applicable laws. These commitments are detailed in the contracts signed by the finished product contractors and vendors, and, if applicable, recertified as part of their annual certification process.

Living wage

We believe a living wage is a wage that is enough to meet workers' and their family's basic needs¹ and is sufficient to provide some discretionary income without overtime. We recognize that living wages are unique to every society and may vary by country.

Gildan uses the FLA wage data collection tool to collect wage information in our manufacturing facilities and at selected contractors in Asia and the Americas. This tool automatically calculates the average net wage for workers across different occupations by adding basic wage, cash benefits, and in-kind benefits, minus legal deductions. The calculation separates overtime pay from regular wages, as well as incentive and leave pay, to avoid skewing the overall compensation figures. The tool enables Gildan to see a factory's net wage mapped to a wage ladder and compare it against existing living wage benchmarks and local wages.

For more information, please refer to our Approach to Wages.

Rights to freedom of association and collective bargaining

We are committed to upholding freedom of association and the right to organize and bargain collectively, which we consider to be a fundamental human right of our workers and those of our suppliers. This right provides workers with a framework to engage with management on wages, benefits, and decent working conditions. At the end of 2024, approximately 54% of our employees globally were covered by a collective bargaining agreement established between unions and corresponding facilities.

Migrant workers

In addition to our Industry Commitment to Responsible Recruitment (ICRR) as mentioned before, we work with our global supply chain partners to foster responsible recruitment environments. We require our finished product contractors to sign an annual Responsible Recruitment Commitment which outlines this policy. For more information on our guidelines for migrant workers please see our Social and Sustainable Guidebook.

Grievance and communication mechanisms

In addition to the communication channels described in our Whistleblowing Policy, Gildan has several communication mechanisms to report any potential violation of its Code of Conduct and other policies, which would include allegations of forced labour or child labour.

- **Digital grievance mechanism:** We launched an application (app) allowing manufacturing employees and management to interact anonymously through a direct chat or telephone call. Comments are submitted by workers through their smartphone and are received and analyzed by the appropriate Human Resources team.
- Suggestion boxes: Suggestion boxes are placed in strategic areas of our facilities, such as the production floor and cafeteria, allowing employees to anonymously provide written comments. The boxes are opened and reviewed once a week by the local Human Resources and Communications teams. Employees are provided with a response within two weeks; the answers are published on facility bulletin boards.
- Roundtables: These allow employees to share their opinions and contribute to the improvement of various workplace issues, including health and wellness, workplace safety, environmental stewardship, human rights, and

 $^{^{1}}$ Basic Needs: For a more detailed definition of family and basic needs, please refer to the Fair Labor Association's (FLA) definition.

others. Roundtables are organized every two months by the local Human Resources team. If an employee raises a concern, management should provide a response within 30

- Open door policy: Gildan encourages employees to contact management on any matter and receive immediate feedback.
- Emails: Employees are able to directly email contacts through the options provided in our Gildan Company website and our Whistleblowing Policy.

The Social Compliance team monitors grievances to ensure that the responsible teams are responding to employees in an efficient, assertive, and a timely manner that resolves issues or communicates that the situation is being investigated. Whistleblowing cases are dealt with in accordance with our Whistleblowing Policy.

REMEDIATION AND STAKEHOLDER **ENGAGEMENT**

Gildan is committed to remediation, where legitimate concerns are identified, including concerns related to adverse human rights impacts, and engaging and cooperating with affected stakeholders and/or their representatives in remediation efforts through a legitimate process (including judicial and non-judicial mechanisms, as appropriate). We commit to not obstructing access to other remedies or other state-based judicial or nonjudicial mechanisms, and we expect our business partners to be committed to the same standards.

Gildan does not tolerate modern slavery. If a non-compliance with Gildan's policies against modern slavery occurs in Gildan-operated or finished product contractor facilities, Gildan will take immediate action to mitigate, address, and resolve the matter within the shortest possible timeframe. If such non-compliance is not promptly and satisfactorily remediated, with assurance of nonrecurrence, Gildan will consider taking further action, including, but not limited to, termination of contractual relationship and/or notification to law enforcement agencies.

Remediation process

In the event remediation is required, Gildan's Social Compliance team works with local facility managers to provide recommendations on addressing potential human rights violations, make changes where necessary, and implement sustainable remediation solutions that are available for review and verification. All Gildan-operated and finished product contractor facilities provide details and evidence of their remediations to the Social Compliance team within a prescribed timeframe, and remediations are subject to verification through follow-up audits.

A remediation process may include in-depth investigation to confirm the non-compliance, interviews with affected stakeholders, documentation review (i.e., trainings, policies, and procedures), and root cause analysis. A Corrective Action Plan (CAP) is required for all non-compliances identified in an audit process. A CAP usually will include photos of corrective actions, training attendance lists, and evidence of review of a policy/internal procedure. Systematic follow-ups conducted to verify progress made towards resolving the issues and to help the facility improve its overall performance and remain in compliance with our Code of Conduct.

Working with affected stakeholders

For all cases involving a potential human rights violation, regardless of how the grievance was received (via an audit process or through a grievance or communication mechanism such as an app or hotline), the Human Resources team and the facility's leadership work together with the employee and the local union, if applicable, to remediate any negative impact on the employee and to properly address any unintended negative consequences on the employee or its family of the remediation

To date, we are not aware of any of these measures resulting in the loss of income to families and therefore no remediation measures have been taken.

ASSESSING THE EFFECTIVENESS

To assess the effectiveness of our approach to eradicating modern slavery, we monitor, verify, and validate progress through our Social Compliance program and against a number of key performance indicators (KPIs), some of which can be found below.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPIs)		
	2024	2023
Number of child labour non-compliance	0	0
Number of forced labour-related non-compliance confirmed (all related to working hours)	3¹	4 ²
Number of forced labour-related non-compliance successfully remediated (all related to working hours)	2 ³	3 ⁴
Number of non-conformities related to compensation and benefits (Gildan-operated facilities)	0	1
Number of non-conformities related to compensation and benefits (finished product contractor facilities)	9 ⁵	5 ⁶
Grievances related to forced labour	0	0

¹ We identified two forced labour non-compliances in our Gildan facilities in 2024; these findings are related to work shifts and are in the process of being remediated. We identified one forced labour non-compliance related to overtime hours in one of our contractor facilities, which has been remediated

In 2024, we launched an external review of Gildan's Code of Conduct, Social and Sustainable Compliance Guidebook, and Human Rights Policy, which are expected to be completed in 2025, to ensure they address the evolving global standards, emerging social and environmental challenges, and the expectations of our stakeholders.

² In 2023, two forced labour non-compliances were found at our Gildan-operated facilities, and two at our finished product contractors' facilities, all of which were related to inadequacies in the process of documenting overtime hours in each facility. Additional processes were implemented to ensure that employees have been properly documented and have voluntarily accepted to perform overtime.

³ We identified two forced labour non-compliance in our Gildan facilities in 2024; these findings are related to work shifts and are in the process of being remediated. We identified one forced labour non-compliance in one of our contractor facilities, which has been remediated. A non-compliance from 2023 was also remediated in early 2024 to bring the total of remediations to two.

 $^{^{}m 4}$ Three non-compliances were remediated in 2023. The fourth non-compliance was remediated in early 2024.

⁵ We had nine non-conformities related to compensation and benefits in nine of our finished product contractor facilities in 2024. Five non-conformities have been remediated and four are in the process of being remediated.

⁶ We had five non-conformities related to compensation and benefits in five of our finished product contractor facilities in 2023, which have all been remediated.

LOOKING AHFAD

We understand that the risks associated with modern slavery are not static and that best practices on monitoring and addressing these risks evolve constantly. As a result, we continuously monitor how we assess and manage those risks and our focus for 2025 is expected to include the following:

- In relation to production in Bangladesh, we will continue to roll-out capacity-building sessions and social compliance audits to further strengthen supply chain traceability and compliance around all human rights, and with the objective of continuing to improve worker well-being
- We expect to launch revised versions of the Gildan Code of Conduct, the Social and Sustainable Compliance Guidebook, and the Human Rights Policy
- As an enhancement to our supply chain traceability, we expect to add a Modern Slavery training to our Uyghur Forced Labor Prevention Act (UFLPA) Annual Certification that our yarn vendors are required to sign. The training and the certification will be available in English, Turkish, Vietnamese, Bangali, Urdu (Pakistan), and Hindi

APPROVAL

This report was approved by the Board of Directors of Gildan Activewear Inc. pursuant to subparagraph 11(4)(b)(ii) of Canada's Fighting Against Forced and Child Labour in Supply Chains Act (the "Act") on behalf of Gildan Activewear Inc. and the Reporting Entities.

In my capacity as a Director, and not in my personal capacity, I make this attestation in accordance with the requirements of the Act.

In accordance with the requirements of the Act, and in particular section 11 thereof, I attest that I have reviewed the information contained in the report for the entity or entities listed above. Based on my knowledge, and having exercised reasonable diligence, I attest that the information in the report is true, accurate, and complete in all material respects for the purposes of the Act, for the reporting year listed above.

Glenn J. Chamandy

President & Chief Executive Officer

February 26, 2025

"I have the authority to bind Gildan Activewear Inc."

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION AND STATEMENTS

Certain statements included in this Report constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation and regulations and are subject to important risks, uncertainties, and assumptions. This forward-looking information includes, amongst others, information with respect to our objectives and the strategies to achieve these objectives. Forward-looking statements may be identified by conditional or forward-looking terminology such as "may," "target," "goal," "will," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "project," "assume," "anticipate," "plan," "foresee," "believe," or "continue," or the negatives of these terms or variations thereof or similar terminology. There can be no assurance that the expectations represented by our forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. Forwardlooking statements are inherently uncertain and the results or events predicted in such forward-looking statements may differ materially from actual results or events. Forward-looking statements are subject to significant risks and uncertainties, including those described under the "Caution regarding forward-looking statements" section and the "Risks and uncertainties" section of our MD&A for the year and quarter ended December 29, 2024 and the Company's filings with the Canadian securities regulatory authorities and the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. These filings provide a comprehensive discussion of the risks, assumptions, and uncertainties that may result in Gildan's actual results and experiences significantly differing from anticipated results. Readers are advised to exercise caution in relying excessively on forward-looking statements. Unless otherwise stated, forward-looking statements contained in this Report are made as of the date hereof and we do not undertake any obligation to update publicly or to revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise unless required by applicable legislation or regulation. The forward-looking statements contained in this Report are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

